#### **DEPARTMENT OF STATE REVENUE**

04-20080219P.LOF

## Letter of Findings Number: 08-0219P Negligence Penalty For the Year 2004, 2005, 2006

Under IC § 4-22-7-7, this document is required to be published in the Indiana Register and is effective on its date of publication. It shall remain in effect until the date it is superseded or deleted by the publication of a new document in the Indiana Register. The publication of this document will provide the general public with information about the Department's official position concerning a specific issue.

ISSUE

#### I. Tax Administration-Penalty.

Authority: IC § 6-8.1-10-2.1; 45 IAC 15-11-2.

Taxpayer protests the imposition of the ten percent negligence penalty.

### STATEMENT OF FACTS

The Indiana Department of Revenue ("Department") conducted a sales and use tax audit of Taxpayer for the years 2004, 2005, and 2006. As a result of the audit, the Department assessed Taxpayer additional use tax, interest and penalties. Taxpayer paid the use tax assessment including interest, but protests the assessment of the negligence penalty. Taxpayer was afforded the option of requesting a hearing on its protest. Taxpayer did not reply to the Department's letter, therefore this Letter of Findings is written based on the information in Taxpayer's protest file. Additional facts will be provided as necessary.

# I. Tax Administration—Penalty.

### **DISCUSSION**

Taxpayer protests the imposition of negligence penalty.

Penalty waiver is permitted if the taxpayer shows that the failure to pay the full amount of the tax was due to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect. IC § 6-8.1-10-2.1. The Indiana Administrative Code, <u>45 IAC 15-11-2</u> further provides:

- (b) "Negligence" on behalf of a taxpayer is defined as the failure to use such reasonable care, caution, or diligence as would be expected of an ordinary reasonable taxpayer. Negligence would result from a taxpayer's carelessness, thoughtlessness, disregard or inattention to duties placed upon the taxpayer by the Indiana Code or department regulations. Ignorance of the listed tax laws, rules and/or regulations is treated as negligence. Further, failure to read and follow instructions provided by the department is treated as negligence. Negligence shall be determined on a case by case basis according to the facts and circumstances of each taxpayer.
- (c) The department shall waive the negligence penalty imposed under <a href="IC 6-8.1-10-1">IC 6-8.1-10-1</a> if the taxpayer affirmatively establishes that the failure to file a return, pay the full amount of tax due, timely remit tax held in trust, or pay a deficiency was due to reasonable cause and not due to negligence. In order to establish reasonable cause, the taxpayer must demonstrate that it exercised ordinary business care and prudence in carrying out or failing to carry out a duty giving rise to the penalty imposed under this section. Factors which may be considered in determining reasonable cause include, but are not limited to:
  - (1) the nature of the tax involved;
  - (2) judicial precedents set by Indiana courts;
  - (3) judicial precedents established in jurisdictions outside Indiana;
  - (4) published department instructions, information bulletins, letters of findings, rulings, letters of advice, etc.;
  - (5) previous audits or letters of findings concerning the issue and taxpayer involved in the penalty assessment.

Reasonable cause is a fact sensitive question and thus will be dealt with according to the particular facts and circumstances of each case.

Taxpayer states in its March 14, 2008, protest letter that it is requesting abatement of the penalty assessment because Taxpayer "attempts always to do the right thing, but sometimes errors are made." Taxpayer has not affirmatively established that its failure to pay the use tax was due to reasonable cause and not negligence.

## **FINDING**

Taxpayer's protest is respectfully denied.

Posted: 10/01/2008 by Legislative Services Agency

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